

begin 5,73,155,399,357

05dec00 07:58:31 User208760 Session D1731.2  
\$0.00 0.056 DialUnits File410  
\$0.00 Estimated cost File410  
\$0.01 TYMNET  
\$0.01 Estimated cost this search  
\$0.47 Estimated total session cost 0.173 DialUnits

SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch

File 5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2000/Dec W1  
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File 73:EMBASE 1974-2000/Oct W5  
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File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2000/Dec W4  
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check tags information please see Help News155.

File 399:CA SEARCH(R) 1967-2000/UD=13323  
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File 357:Derwent Biotechnology Abs 1982-2000/Dec B1  
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Set	Items	Description
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? s icam?		
S1	26601	ICAM?
? s s1 and py=1987		
	26601	S1
	1564672	PY=1987
S2	14	S1 AND PY=1987
? rd s2		
...completed examining records		
S3	7	RD S2 (unique items)
? t s3/7/all		

13/7/20 (Item 20 from file: 5)  
DIALOG(R) File 5:Biosis Previews(R)  
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06266197 BIOSIS NO.: 000086100380  
PRIMARY STRUCTURE OF **ICAM-1** DEMONSTRATES INTERACTION BETWEEN MEMBERS  
OF THE IMMUNOGLOBULIN AND INTEGRIN SUPERGENE FAMILIES  
AUTHOR: STAUNTON D E; MARLIN S D; STRATOWA C; DUSTIN M L; SPRINGER T A  
AUTHOR ADDRESS: LAB. MEMBRANE IMMUNOCHEM., DANA-FARBER CANCER INST.,  
HARVARD MED. SCH., BOSTON, MASS. 02115.  
JOURNAL: CELL 52 (6). 1988. 925-934.  
FULL JOURNAL NAME: Cell  
CODEN: CELLB  
RECORD TYPE: Abstract  
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: Intercellular adhesion molecule 1 (**ICAM-1**) is a 90 kd inducible surface glycoprotein that promotes adhesion in immunological and inflammatory reactions. **ICAM-1** is a ligand of lymphocyte function-associated antigen-1 (LFA-1), an .alpha..beta. complex that is a member of the integrin family of cell-cell and cell-matrix receptors. **ICAM-1** is encoded by an inducible 3.3 kb mRNA. The amino acid sequence specifies an integral membrane protein with an extracellular domain of 453 residues containing five immunoglobulin-like domains. Highest homology is found with neural cell adhesion molecule (NCAM) and myelin-associated glycoprotein (MAG), which also contain five lg-like domains. NCAM and MAG are nervous system adhesion molecules, but unlike **ICAM-1**, NCAM is homophilic. The **ICAM-1** and LFA-1 interaction is heterophilic and unusual in that it is between members of the immunoglobulin and integrin families. Unlike other integrin ligands, **ICAM-1** does not contain an RGD sequence.

Set	Items	Description
S1	26601	ICAM?
S2	14	S1 AND PY=1987
S3	7	RD S2 (unique items)
S4	10	S1 AND PY=1986
S5	5	RD S4 (unique items)
S6	2	S1 AND PY=1985
S7	1	RD S6 (unique items)
S8	0	S1 AND PY=1984
S9	7586556	1
S10	1648540	PY=1988
S11	276227	1 AND PY=1988
S12	95	S1 AND PY=1988

13/7/32 (Item 32 from file: 5)  
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)  
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05865114 BIOSIS NO.: 000034088263  
**ICAM** AN ADHESION LIGAND OF LFA-1 IS HOMOLOGOUS TO THE NEURAL CELL  
ADHESION MOLECULE NCAM  
AUTHOR: SIMMONS D; MAKGOBA M W; SEED B  
AUTHOR ADDRESS: DEP. MOL. BIOL., HARV. MED. SCH., MASS. GENERAL HOSP.,  
BOSTON, MASS. 02114, USA.  
JOURNAL: NATURE (LOND) 331 (6157). 1988. 624-627.  
FULL JOURNAL NAME: NATURE (London)  
CODEN: NATUA  
RECORD TYPE: Citation  
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

13/7/33 (Item 33 from file: 5)  
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)  
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05843632 BIOSIS NO.: 000034066781  
**ICAM-1** A LIGAND FOR LFA-1-DEPENDENT ADHESION OF B T AND MYELOID CELLS  
AUTHOR: MAKGOBA M W; SANDERS M E; LUCE G E G; DUSTIN M L; SPRINGER T A;  
CLARK E A; MANNONI P; SHAW S  
AUTHOR ADDRESS: DEP. CHEM. PATHOL., ROYAL POSTGRADUATE MED. SCH.,  
HAMMERSMITH HOSP., DU CANE ROAD, LONDON W12 0HS, U.K.  
JOURNAL: NATURE (LOND) 331 (6151). 1988. 86-88.  
FULL JOURNAL NAME: NATURE (London)  
CODEN: NATUA  
RECORD TYPE: Citation  
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

13/7/36 (Item 3 from file: 73)  
DIALOG(R)File 73:EMBASE  
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03693492 EMBASE No: 1988142928

Purified intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (**ICAM-1**) is a ligand for lymphocyte function-associated antigen 1 (LFA-1)

Martin S.D.; Springer T.A.

Laboratory of Membrane Immunochimistry, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute,  
Boston, MA 02115 United States

Cell ( CELL ) (United States) 1988, 53/5 (813-819)

CODEN: CELLB ISSN: 0092-8674

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

Lymphocyte function-associated antigen 1 (LFA-1) is a leukocyte cell surface glycoprotein that promotes intercellular adhesion in immunological and inflammatory reactions. It is an alphabeta complex that is structurally related to receptors for extracellular matrix components, and thus belongs to the integrin family. **ICAM-1** (intercellular adhesion molecule-1) is a distinct cell surface glycoprotein. Its broad distribution, regulated expression in inflammation, and involvement in LFA-1-dependent cell-cell adhesion have suggested that **ICAM-1** may be a ligand for LFA-1. We have purified **ICAM-1** and incorporated it into artificial supported lipid membranes. LFA-1sup + but not LFA-1sup - cells bound to **ICAM-1** in the artificial membranes, and the binding could be specifically inhibited by anti-**ICAM-1** treatment of the membranes or by anti-LFA-1 treatment of the cells. The cell binding to **ICAM-1** required metabolic energy production, an intact cytoskeleton, and the presence of Mg<sup>sup</sup> 2<sup>sup</sup> + and was temperature dependent, characteristics of LFA-1- and **ICAM**

3/7/39 (Item 1 from file: 399)  
DIALOG(R)File 399:CA SEARCH(R)  
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111230579 CA: 111(25)230579k PATENT  
Intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1), antibodies to ICAM-1, and  
their use in assays and pharmaceuticals  
INVENTOR(AUTHOR): Springer, Timothy Alan; Rothlein, Robert; Marlin,  
Steven Dean; Dustin, Michael Loran  
LOCATION: USA  
ASSIGNEE: Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Inc.  
PATENT: European Pat. Appl. ; EP 289949 A2 DATE: 881109  
APPLICATION: EP 88106901 (880429) \*US 45963 (870504) \*US 115798 (871102)  
\*US 155943 (880216)  
PAGES: 73 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW LANGUAGE: English CLASS: C12N-015/00;  
C07K-015/00; C12P-021/00; A61K-039/395; G01N-033/574; A61K-049/00;  
C12P-021/00; C12R-001/91 DESIGNATED COUNTRIES: AT; BE; CH; DE; ES; FR; GB;

13/7/43 (Item 5 from file: 399)  
DIALOG(R)File 399:CA SEARCH(R)  
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109143596 CA: 109(17)143596d JOURNAL  
Primary structure of ICAM-1 demonstrates interaction between members of  
the immunoglobulin and intergrin supergene families  
AUTHOR(S): Staunton, Donald E.; Marlin, Steven D.; Stratowa, Christian;  
Dustin, Michael L.; Springer, Timothy A.  
LOCATION: Dana-Farber Cancer Inst., Harvard Med. Sch., Boston, MA, 02115,  
USA  
JOURNAL: Cell (Cambridge, Mass.) DATE: 1988 VOLUME: 52 NUMBER: 6  
PAGES: 925-33 CODEN: CELLB5 ISSN: 0092-8674 LANGUAGE: English  
SECTION:  
CA203003 Biochemical Genetics  
CA206XXX General Biochemistry  
CA213XXX Mammalian Biochemistry  
CA215XXX Immunochemistry  
IDENTIFIERS: glycoprotein ICAM1 cDNA sequence human  
DESCRIPTORS:  
Glycoproteins,specific or class, ICAM-1...  
amino acid sequence of, of human, Ig-like domains in  
Gene and Genetic element,animal...  
for glycoprotein ICAM-1, of human, sequence of  
Animal cell line,HL-60... Vein,umbilical, endothelium...  
glycoprotein ICAM-1 cDNA of, cloning and sequence of  
Immunoglobulins...  
glycoprotein ICAM-1 domains related to, of human  
Protein sequences...  
of glycoprotein ICAM-1 and precursor, of human, complete  
Molecular cloning...  
of glycoprotein ICAM-1 cDNA, of human  
Deoxyribonucleic acid sequences,glycoprotein ICAM-1-specifying...  
of human, complete  
CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS:  
114679-89-9 116609-56-4 116609-57-5 116609-58-6 116609-59-7  
116609-60-0 116609-61-1 116609-62-2 amino acid sequence of  
114679-79-7 116609-52-0 nucleotide sequence of

13/7/44 (Item 1 from file: 357)  
DIALOG(R)File 357:Derwent Biotechnology Abs  
(c) 2000 Derwent Publ Ltd. All rts. reserv.

0083606 DBA Accession No.: 89-01597 PATENT  
Monoclonal antibody preparation against intercellular adhesion molecules -  
hybridoma construction  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Dana-Farber-Cancer-Inst. 1988  
PATENT NUMBER: EP 289949 PATENT DATE: 881109 WPI ACCESSION NO.: 88-316235  
(8845)  
PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: US 155954 APPLIC. DATE: 880216  
NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: EP 88106901 APPLIC. DATE: 880429  
LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: Intercellular adhesion molecule, **ICAM-1**, or its derivative,  
a recombinant DNA molecule capable of expressing **ICAM-1**, a method  
for recovering **ICAM-1** in a pure form, a monoclonal antibody (MAb)  
prepared against **ICAM-1**, a hybridoma, a method for producing the  
MAb, a method for diagnosis of tumors and a pharmaceutical composition  
containing **ICAM-1**, or its functional derivative, are new. The MAb  
is R6-5-D6 and is produced by hybridoma cell line ATCC HB-9580. The MAb  
is produced by: (1) injecting an animal with a cell expressing  
**ICAM-1**; (2) fusing the spleen cells of this immunized animal with  
a myeloma cell line to form a hybridoma; (3) culturing the hybridomas;  
and (4) screening the hybridomas for the ability to produce anti-  
**ICAM-1** MAbs. The screening step preferably involves: (a)  
incubating the hybridoma supernatant with a lymphocyte preparation; (b)  
examining the ability of the MAb to prevent cell aggregation; and (c)  
selecting a hybridoma cell line which produces MAbs which inhibit  
aggregation of lymphocytes. The MAbs may be used as antiinflammatory



223041 BIOSIS NO.: 000082063663

INDUCTION BY INTERLEUKIN 1 AND INTERFERON-GAMMA TISSUE DISTRIBUTION  
BIOCHEMISTRY AND FUNCTION OF A NATURAL ADHERENCE MOLECULE INTRACELLULAR  
ADHERENCE MOLECULE-1

AUTHOR: DUSTIN M L; ROTHLEIN R; BHAN A K; DINARELLO C A; SPRINGER T A  
AUTHOR ADDRESS: LAB. MEMBRANE IMMUNOBIOCHEM., DANA FARBER CENT. INST.,  
BOSTON, MASS.

JOURNAL: J IMMUNOL 137 (1). 1986. 245-254.

FULL JOURNAL NAME: Journal of Immunology

CODEN: JOIMA

RECORD TYPE: Abstract

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: **ICAM-1** is a cell surface glycoprotein originally defined by a monoclonal antibody (Mab) that inhibits phorbol ester-stimulated leukocytes aggregation. Staining of frozen sections and immunofluorescence flow cytometry showed intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (**ICAM-1**) is expressed on non-hematopoietic cells such as vascular endothelial cells, thymic epithelial cells, certain other epithelial cells, and fibroblasts, and on hematopoietic cells such as tissue macrophages, mitogen-stimulated T lymphocyte blasts, and germinal center dendritic cells in tonsils, lymph nodes, and Peyer's patches. **ICAM-1** staining on vascular endothelial cells is most intense in T cell areas in lymph nodes and tonsils showing reactive hyperplasia. **ICAM-1** is expressed in low amounts on peripheral blood leukocytes. Phorbol ester-stimulated differentiation of myelomonocytic cell lines greatly increases **ICAM-1** expression. **ICAM-1** expression on dermal fibroblasts is increased threefold to fivefold by either interleukin 1 (IL 1) or interferon-.gamma. at 10 U/ml over a period of 4 or 10 h, respectively. The induction is dependent on protein and mRNA synthesis and is reversible. **ICAM-1** displays Mr heterogeneity in different cell types with a Mr of 97,000 on fibroblasts, 114,000 on the myelomonocytic cell line U937, and 90,000 on the B lymphoblastoid cell JY. **ICAM-1** biosynthesis involves a Mr .apprx. 73,000 intracellular precursor. The non-N-glycosylated form resulting from tunicamycin treatment has a Mr of 55,000. **ICAM-1** isolated from phorbol myristic acetate (PMA) stimulated U937 and from fibroblasts yields an identical major product of Mr = 60,000 after chemical deglycosylation. **ICAM-1** Mab interferes with the adhesion of phytohemagglutinin blasts, and the adhesion of the cell line SKW3 to human dermal fibroblast cell layers. Pretreatment of fibroblasts but not lymphocytes with **ICAM-1** Mab, and of lymphocytes but not fibroblasts with lymphocyte function-associated antigen1 Mab inhibits adhesion. Intercellular adhesion is increased by prior exposure of fibroblasts to IL 1, and correlates with induction of **ICAM-1**.

03156780 EMBASE No: 1986179357

Induction by IL 1 and interferon-gamma: Tissue distribution,  
biochemistry, and function of a natural adherence molecule (**ICAM-1**)

Dustin M.L.; Rothlein R.; Bhan A.K.; et al.

Laboratory of Membrane Immunochemistry, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute,  
Boston, MA United States

Journal of Immunology ( J. IMMUNOL. ) (United States) 1986, 137/1  
(245-254)

CODEN: JOIMA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

**ICAM-1** is a cell surface glycoprotein originally defined by a monoclonal antibody (Mab) that inhibits phorbol ester-stimulated leukocyte aggregation. Staining of frozen sections and immunofluorescence flow cytometry showed intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (**ICAM-1**) is expressed on non-hematopoietic cells such as vascular endothelial cells, thymic epithelial cells, certain other epithelial cells, and fibroblasts, and on hematopoietic cells such as tissue macrophages, mitogen-stimulated T lymphocyte blasts, and germinal center dendritic cells in tonsils, lymph nodes, and Peyer's patches, **ICAM-1** staining on vascular endothelial cells is most intense in T cell areas in lymph nodes and tonsils showing reactive hyperplasia. **ICAM-1** is expressed in low amounts on peripheral blood leukocytes. Phorbol ester-stimulated differentiation of myelomonocytic cell lines greatly increases **ICAM-1** expression.

**ICAM-1** expression on dermal fibroblasts is increased to fivefold by either interleukin 1 (IL 1) or interferon-gamma at 10 U/ml over a period of 4 or 10 hr, respectively. The induction is dependent on protein and mRNA synthesis and is reversible. **ICAM-1** displays M(r) heterogeneity in different cell types with a M(r) of 97,000 on fibroblasts, 114,000 on the myelomonocytic cell line U937, and 90,000 on the B lymphoblastoid cell JY. **ICAM-1** biosynthesis involves a M(r) ~73,000 intracellular precursor.

The non-N-glycosylated form resulting from tunicamycin treatment has a M(r) of 55,000. **ICAM-1** isolated from phorbol myristic acetate (PMA) stimulated U937 and from fibroblasts yields an identical major product of M(r) = 60,000 after chemical deglycosylation, **ICAM-1** Mab interferes with the adhesion of phytohemagglutinin blasts, and the adhesion of the cell line SKW3 to human dermal fibroblast cell layers. Pretreatment of fibroblasts but not lymphocytes with **ICAM-1** Mab, and of lymphocytes but not fibroblasts with lymphocyte function-associated antigen 1 Mab inhibits adhesion. Intercellular adhesion is increased by prior exposure of fibroblasts to IL 1, and correlates with induction of **ICAM-1**.

5/7/4 (Item 2 from file: 73)  
DIALOG(R)File 73:EMBASE  
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03097598 EMBASE No: 1986210175

A human intercellular adhesion molecule (**ICAM-1**) distinct from  
LFA-1

Rothlein R.; Dustin M.L.; Marlin S.D.; Springer T.A.  
Laboratory of Membrane Immunochemistry, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute,  
Boston, MA 02115 United States  
Journal of Immunology ( J. IMMUNOL. ) (United States) 1986, 137/4  
(1270-1274)  
CODEN: JOIMA  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

Homotypic adhesion by phorbol ester-stimulated lymphocytes requires LFA-1 and Mgsup +sup 2 and does not involve like-like interactions between LFA-1 molecules of adjacent cells. The latter finding suggested that a second molecule, distinct from LFA-1, also participates in LFA-1-dependent adhesion. The identification of such a molecule was the object of this investigation. After immunization with LFA-1-deficient EBV-transformed lymphoblastoid cells, a MAb was obtained that inhibits phorbol ester-stimulated aggregation of LFA-1sup + EBV lines. This MAb defines a novel cell surface molecule, which is designated intercellular adhesion molecule 1 (**ICAM-1**). **ICAM-1** is distinct from LFA-1 in both cell distribution and structure. In SDS-PAGE, **ICAM-1** isolated from JY cells is a single chain of M(r) = 90,000. As shown by MAb inhibition, **ICAM-1** participates in phorbol ester-stimulation adhesion reactions of B lymphocyte and myeloid cell lines and T lymphocyte blast. However, aggregation of one T lymphocyte cell line (SKW-3) was inhibited by LFA-1 but not **ICAM-1** MAb. It is proposed that **ICAM-1** may be a ligant